

# Slow Flight

## BASIC CONCEPTS

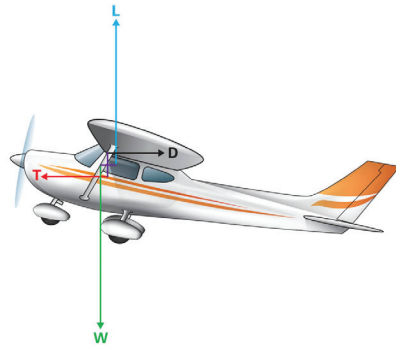
### Objectives

- To slow the aeroplane and maintain straight and level at low airspeed ( $1.2V_S$ ).
- To maintain straight and level at low airspeed in various configurations.
- To maintain a constant altitude while turning at low airspeed.
- To return to normal operating airspeeds.

### 1. Principles of Flight

#### Power + Attitude = Performance

- L = Angle of Attack x Airspeed
- As airspeed decreases angle of attack must increase to maintain level
- High nose attitude + little extra power required
- Fly the aeroplane at a slow speed, but above the stall – next lesson
- Less control effectiveness – larger inputs required
- Slipstream effects less – maintain balance
- Medium level turns – need additional power



### 2. Airmanship

- 20°/2 second scan
- HASELL checks
- Aeroplane position in training area
- Warning symptoms of approaching stall

<b>H</b>	<b>Height</b>	Not less than 2500 feet above ground level
<b>A</b>	<b>Airframe</b>	Configuration – clean or flap
<b>S</b>	<b>Security</b>	No loose articles, harnesses secure
<b>E</b>	<b>Engine Ts &amp; Ps</b>	Temperatures and pressures normal, mixture RICH, fuel sufficient and on fullest
<b>L</b>	<b>Locality</b>	Not over a populated area and clear of known traffic areas, including airfields
<b>L</b>	<b>Lookout</b>	One 180-degree, or two 90-degree, clearing turns to ensure other traffic will not result in conflict

### 3. Aeroplane Management

- Smooth but positive throttle and control movements
- Carb heat
- Engine operating temperatures
- Use of flap – power requirements

### 4. Human Factors

- High level of concentration
- Unfamiliar high nose attitudes

### 5. Air Exercise

#### Power + Attitude = Performance

##### Slowing to S + L at Low Airspeed

- Power reduce to decelerate
- Attitude increases as aeroplane slows – maintain level
- Trim to relieve backpressure
- Adjust power to maintain height
- Airspeed = \_\_\_\_\_

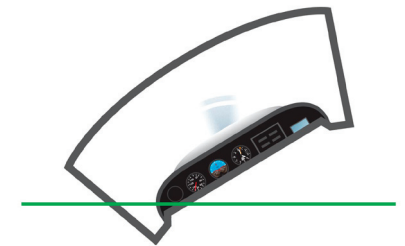


##### Maintaining S + L at Low Airspeed

- Lookout
- Attitude
- Instruments

##### Turning at Low Airspeed

- To maintain level, Lift must ↑, Drag will ↑, more power required
- Adverse yaw countered with rudder
- Ailerons will need to be deflected more for same roll rate
- Balance with rudder



##### Returning to Cruise

- Power increase to full power, balance with rudder
- Attitude lower nose to level attitude
- Trim to relieve pressure
- Reduce to cruise power, balance with rudder
- Lookout
- Attitude
- Instruments