

Climbing and Descending

BASIC CONCEPTS

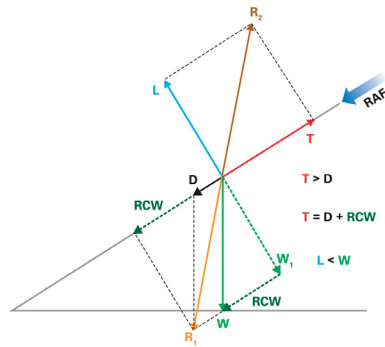
Objectives

- To enter the climb and the descent from straight and level flight.
- To maintain a climb and a descent at a constant speed, constant rate, in a constant direction and in balance.
- To level off at specific altitudes.

1. Principles of Flight

Climbing

- Aeroplane is in equilibrium when climbing
- Lift is not increased
- T must be greater than D**
- Rate of climb (climb performance) depends on excess power available



Climb Performance

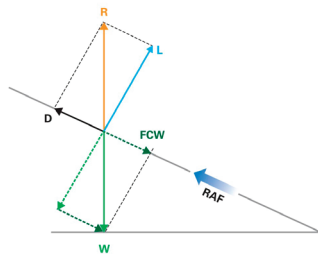
- Power** More power better climb performance
- Altitude** Limits the performance
- Weight** ↑ weight – ↓ rate of climb
- Flap** ↑ drag – ↓ rate of climb
- Wind** Affects climb angle and distance in climb

Climb Configurations

Performance	Power	Attitude
Best RoC	Full	_____ kts
Best AoC		_____ kts
Cruise		_____ kts
Recommended		_____ kts

Descending

- Aeroplane is in equilibrium when descending
- Flying speed maintained by lowering nose attitude
- FCW balances D



Descent Performance

- Power** Controls rate of descent
- L/D ratio** Efficiency of wing, steepness of glide
- Weight** ↑ weight ↑ FCW – ↑ speed down slope
- Flap** Needs ↑ FCW to balance D – ↑ rate of descent
- Wind** Affects descent angle and range

Descent Configurations

Performance	Power	Attitude
Glide	Idle	_____ kts
Powered		_____ kts
Cruise		_____ kts

2. Airmanship

- Situational awareness – what was, is, and will be
- VFR Met minima
- Minimum and maximum heights
- Lookout – restrictions
- I'M SAFE

3. Aeroplane Management

- Smooth throttle movements
- Mixture RICH
- Carb heat HOT for descent
- Temperatures and pressures

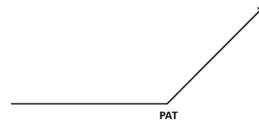
4. Human Factors

- Trapped gases in ears
- Diving
- Empty sky myopia
- Noise

5. Air Exercise

Climbing

Entry



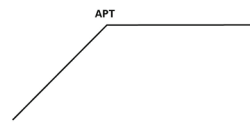
- Power** mixt RICH, full power, balance
- Attitude** climb attitude, wings level, balance
- Trim** to maintain attitude

Airspeed = _____ RoC = _____
Airspeed controlled with attitude

Maintaining

- Lookout
- Attitude
- Instruments
- Change – check – hold – trim

Exit

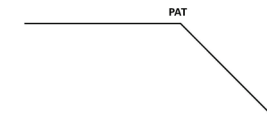


- Attitude** select and hold S+L attitude, adjust as speed increases, balance
- Power** wait for aeroplane to accelerate, then set cruise power, balance
- Trim** to hold S+L attitude



Descending

Entry



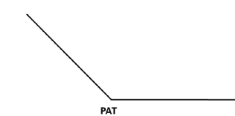
- Power** mixt RICH, carb heat HOT, close throttle, balance
- Attitude** hold S+L attitude until glide speed, then set glide attitude
- Trim** to maintain attitude

Airspeed = _____ RoD = _____
Airspeed controlled with attitude

Maintaining

- Lookout
- Attitude
- Instruments
- Change – check – hold – trim

Exit



- Power** carb heat COLD, increase power to cruise, balance
- Attitude** simultaneously set to S+L, balance
- Trim** to hold S+L attitude

